



A CSW Industrial's Company

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 12-March-2019

Revision Number 1



The supplier identified below generated this SDS using the UL SDS template. UL did not test, certify, or approve the substance described in this SDS, and all information in this SDS was provided by the supplier or was reproduced from publicly available regulatory data sources. UL makes no representations or warranties regarding the completeness or accuracy of the information in this SDS and disclaims all liability in connection with the use of this information or the substance described in this SDS. The layout, appearance and format of this SDS is © 2014 UL LLC. All rights reserved.

## Section 1 — Identification

### Product identifier

Product Name WLD Wire Rope Lubricant

### Other means of identification

UN Number UN1950

Synonyms None

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use For industrial use only

Uses advised against No information available

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

Jet-Lube LLC.  
930 Whitmore Drive  
Rockwall Texas  
75087 US  
Phone: +1 972-771-1000  
Fax: +1 972-722-2108

#### Supplier

Blick Industrial Limited  
21 Kahu Crescent  
Te Rapa Hamilton  
3200 New Zealand  
Phone: +64 7 849 2366  
Email: sales@blick.group

### For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

E-mail address Regulatory@jetlube.com

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC +1-703-741-5970 or 1-800-424-9300 (24/7)  
Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

## Section 2 — Hazard(s) identification

### GHS Classification

<b>Aerosols Flammable gases</b>	Category 1 (HSNO - 2.1.2A)
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Category 1 (HSNO - 6.1E)
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Category 2A (HSNO - 6.4A)
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Category 1B (HSNO - 6.6A)
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Category 1A (HSNO - 6.7A)
<b>Acute aquatic toxicity</b>	Category 3 (HSNO - 9.1D)

**Label elements**

**Signal word**  
DANGER

**Hazard statements**

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol  
H220 - Extremely flammable gas  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H340 - May cause genetic defects  
H350 - May cause cancer  
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
Avoid release to the environment  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
Do not pierce or burn, even after use  
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

**Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention  
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISONS INFORMATION CENTRE or doctor  
Do NOT induce vomiting  
In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources  
Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up  
Store in a well-ventilated place  
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

**Other hazards**

No information available

**Section 3 — Composition and information on ingredients**

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
---------------	--------	----------

Petroleum distillates	68476-85-7	10 - <30
Asphalt	8052-42-4	10 - <30
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - <30
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	10 - <30
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - <30
Graphite	7782-42-5	<10
Antimony, tris(dipentylcarbamodithioato-S,S`)-, (OC-6-11)-	15890-25-2	<10
Carbon black	1333-86-4	<10
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

## Section 4 — First aid measures

### First aid measures

<b>General advice</b>	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediate medical attention is required.
<b>Emergency telephone number</b>	Poisons Information Centre, New Zealand: 0800 764 766
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Delayed pulmonary oedema may occur.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin with soap and water.
<b>Ingestion</b>	ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
<b>Self-protection of the first aider</b>	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/or wheezing. Dizziness. Burning sensation.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to doctors** Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

## Section 5 — Firefighting measures

**Hazchem code** Not listed

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Water spray.
<b>Large Fire</b>	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated.
---	--

#### Special protective actions for firefighters

<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.
--	--

## **Section 6 — Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
<b>Other information</b>	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
<b>For emergency responders</b>	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

### Environmental precautions

<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.
----------------------------------	--

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Methods for containment</b>	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dam far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerisation and scrape off floor.
<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

### Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

<b>Prevention of secondary hazards</b>	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.
--	--

## **Section 7 — Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Advice on safe handling</b>	Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open
--------------------------------	--

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

**General hygiene considerations** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e. pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.

**Incompatible materials** None known based on information supplied.

## **Section 8 — Exposure controls and personal protection**

### Control parameters

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom	Australia
Petroleum distillates	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	: See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content, explosion hazard	STEL: 1250 ppm STEL: 2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Asphalt	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> benzene-soluble aerosol fume, inhalable particulate matter	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light		TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as oil mist)		
Acetone	TWA: 1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL = 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	STEL: 1500 ppm STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500 ppm	1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm
Graphite	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particulate matter all forms except graphite fibers	STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Antimony, tris(dipentylcarbamodithioato-S, S <sup>-</sup> )-, (OC-6-11)-	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	STEL: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Carbon black	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particulate matter	STEL: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Acetone 67-64-1	50 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift	25 mg/L

**Appropriate engineering controls**

<b>Engineering controls</b>	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Tight sealing safety goggles.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Impervious gloves. Wear suitable gloves.
<b>Skin and body protection</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	No information available.

**Section 9 — Physical and chemical properties****Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid spray; Aerosol
<b>Appearance</b>	Black
<b>Odour</b>	Sharp
<b>Colour</b>	No information available
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	No information available

<b><u>Property</u></b>	<b><u>Values</u></b>	<b><u>Remarks Method</u></b>
<b>pH</b>	7	
<b>Melting / freezing point</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Boiling point/boiling range</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flash Point</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flammability Limit in Air</b>		None known
<b>Upper flammability limit</b>	No data available	
<b>Lower flammability limit</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Vapour density</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Relative density</b>	0.924	
<b>Water Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water	
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Not Available	
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Dynamic viscosity</b>	400	
<b>Explosive properties</b>	No information available.	
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	No information available.	

**Other Information**

<b>Softening Point</b>	No information available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	No information available

---

VOC Content (%)	No information available
Liquid Density	No information available
Bulk Density	No information available
Particle Size	No information available
Particle Size Distribution	No information available

## **Section 10 — Stability and reactivity**

### Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

### Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

### Explosion Data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

### Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

### Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous Decomposition Products None known based on information supplied.

## **Section 11 — Toxicological information**

### Acute Toxicity

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Product Information

<b>Inhalation</b>	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary oedema. Pulmonary oedema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. (based on components).
<b>Eye contact</b>	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. (based on components).
<b>Ingestion</b>	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary

---

oedema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. (based on components).

**Symptoms**

Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

<b>ATEmix (oral)</b>	18,782.40 mg/kg
<b>ATEmix (inhalation-vapour)</b>	611.10 mg/l
<b>ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)</b>	26.00 mg/l

**Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Asphalt	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	> 94.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4.5 h
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	> 5.2 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 15700 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 50100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 8 h
Antimony, tris(dipentylcarbamodithioato-S, S <sup>-</sup> )-, (OC-6-11)-	> 16400 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 16000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Carbon black	> 15400 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 3 g/kg ( Rabbit )	-

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure****Skin corrosion/irritation**

May cause skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Contains a known or suspected mutagen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity**

Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Asphalt		Group 2B
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		Group 1
Carbon black	Suspected carcinogen	Group 2B

**Legend****IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)**

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

**Reproductive toxicity**

No information available.

**STOT - single exposure**

No information available.

**Respiratory irritation**

No information available.

**Narcotic effects**

No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

No information available.



**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Section 12 — Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life.

### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

**Unknown aquatic toxicity** 0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Chemical name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	-	96h LC50: = 2.2 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 96h LC50: = 2.4 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 96h LC50: = 45 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	-	96h LC50: = 4720 mg/L
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	96h LC50: > 5000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	48h EC50: > 1000 mg/L
Acetone	-	96h LC50: 6210 - 8120 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 96h LC50: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 96h LC50: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	48h EC50: 12600 - 12700 mg/L 48h EC50: 10294 - 17704 mg/L
Carbon black	-	-	-	24h EC50: > 5600 mg/L

### **Terrestrial ecotoxicity**

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Acetone	Acute Toxicity: LC50 200 - 1000 µg/cm <sup>2</sup> (Eisenia foetida, 48 h filter paper)	Dietary Toxicity: LC50 > 40000 ppm (Phasianus colchicus, 5 Days) Dietary Toxicity: LC50 > 40000 ppm (Coturnix coturnix japonica, 5 Days)	-

**Persistence and Degradability** No information available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

### **Bioaccumulation**

Chemical name	Log Pow
Petroleum distillates	2.8
Asphalt	6
Acetone	-0.24

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## Section 13 — Disposal considerations

**Waste treatment methods****Waste from residues/unused products**

Should not be released into the environment  
 Dispose of in accordance with local regulations  
 Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act  
 Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste  
 Class 6 and 8 substances – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances  
 Class 9.1 substances – if the substance, or if it contains a component that is bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable, then any component that is bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable must be removed. The product may only be discharged into the environment if an environmental exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of the substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the environmental exposure limit  
 Class 2, 3 and 4 substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 substances may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with Class 1 or Class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation

**Contaminated packaging**

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from  
 Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance (Class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous (Class 6, 8, or 9 substance)

## Section 14 — Transport information

<b>Hazchem code</b>	Not listed
<b><u>IATA</u></b>	
UN-No	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
Hazard Class	2.1
ERG Code	10L
Description	UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1
<b><u>IMDG/IMO</u></b>	
UN-No	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS

<b>Hazard Class</b>	2.1
<b>EmS-No</b>	F-D, S-U
<b>Description</b>	UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**

No information available

**Special precautions**

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

**Section 15 — Regulatory information****Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****National regulations****New Zealand**

Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification
Petroleum distillates - 68476-85-7	2.1.1A
Acetone - 67-64-1	3.1B,6.1E oral,6.3B,6.4A 3.1B,6.3B,6.4A
Carbon black - 1333-86-4	6.3B,6.4A,6.7B

**National regulations**

See Section 8 for any applicable tolerable exposure limits and environmental exposure limits

**Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements**

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes for substances requiring a controlled substance license, including Class 1 explosives, vertebrate toxic agents (9.3A, B, C), and certain fumigants. Class 6.1A and 6.1B substances such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain Class 1 (explosive) and Class 6 (vertebrate toxic agents or fumigants) substances. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

**EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard**

Aerosols (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2017 - HSR002517

**International Inventories****New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**AICS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.**Legend****TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**International Regulations**

Ozone-depleting substances (ODS) Not applicable

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

Export Notification requirements Not applicable

**Section 16 — Any other relevant information**

**Prepared By** Product Stewardship  
23 British American Blvd.  
Latham, NY 12110  
1-800-572-6501

**Revision Date** 12-March-2019

**Revision Note** No information available

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet****Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION**

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	-	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**